

Fallo mecánico debido a grietas en Niobato de Litio bajo irradiación, simulación mediante elementos finitos

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PROGRAMA



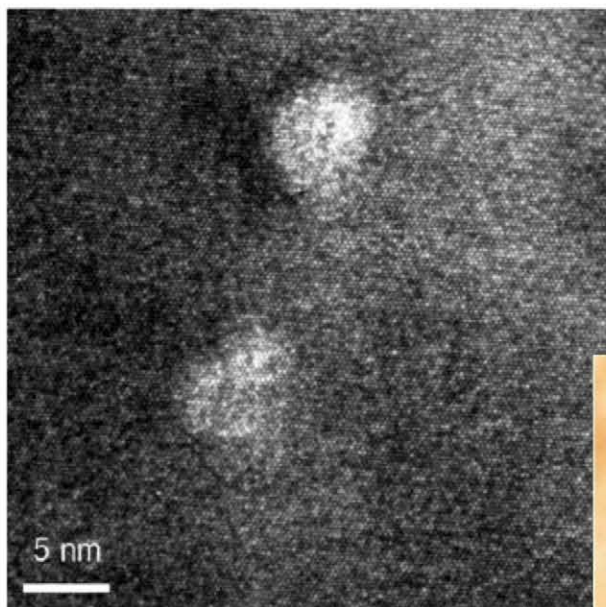


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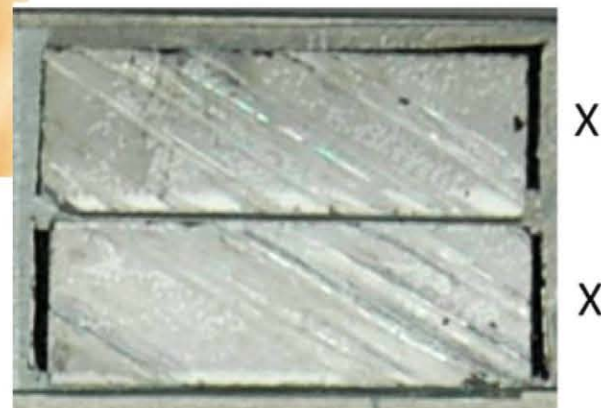
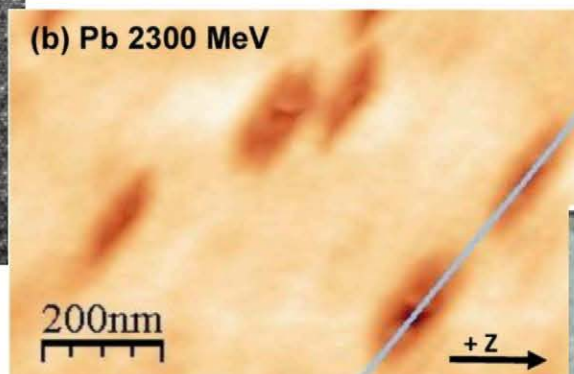


Ion-induced nano-tracks in LiNbO₃



Crespillo et al. 2011
Rivera et al. 2011

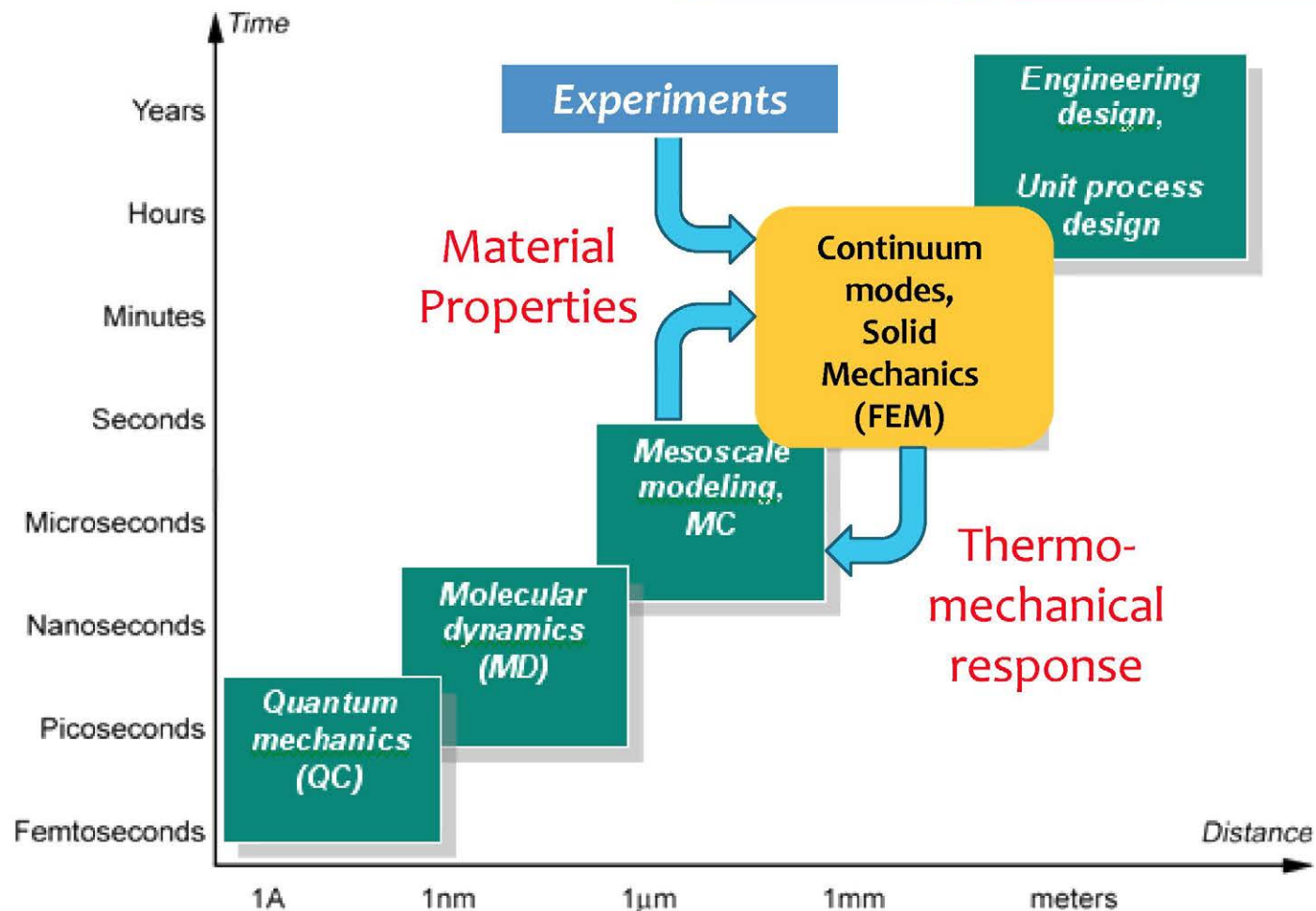
Swift heavy ions exceeding MeV/amu produce columnar nano-tracks around the straight ion trajectory, with marked modifications with respect to the virgin material.



**High fluence induces cracks
(macroscopic effect)**



From macro to nano-scale



<http://www.kintechlab.com/solutions/methodology/>





Thermal spike

- Deposited energy heat the nano-track over fusion temperature
- The cooling left an amorphous nano-track with lower density
- The dilatation of nano-track induce deformations and stresses
- A hillock per nano-track are expected at surface

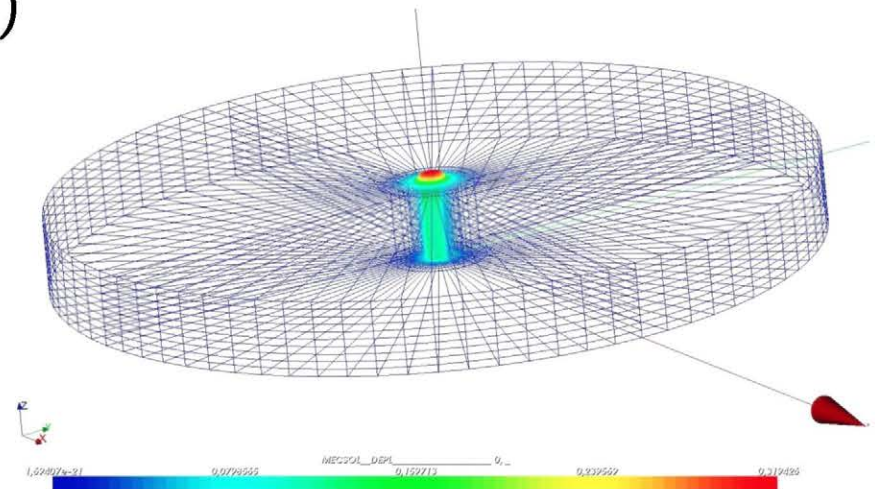
6 nm radius nano-track with stress in Y direction.





Finite element method for nano-structured materials

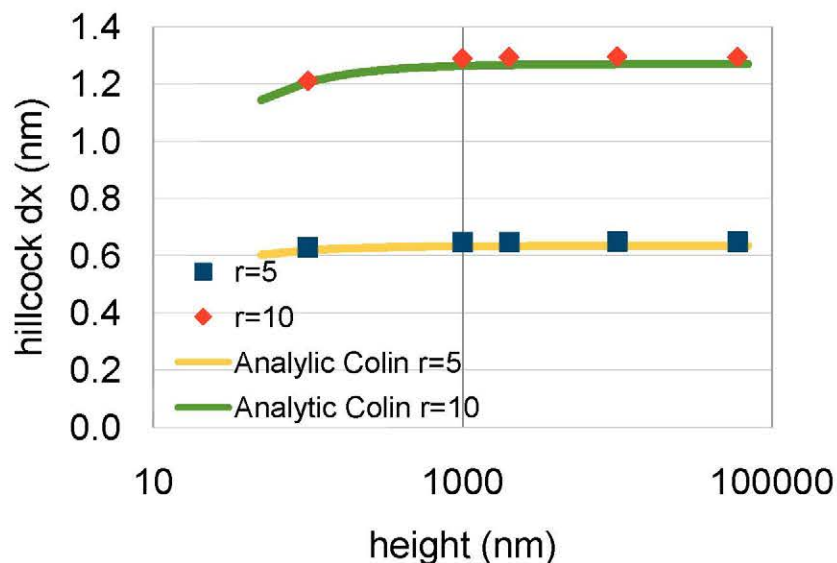
- Geometry simple but with huge range scales
- Orthotropic properties in crystal LiNbO_3 , and isotropic properties in amorphous track
- Boundary condition to simulate single track or multiple track (high fluence)





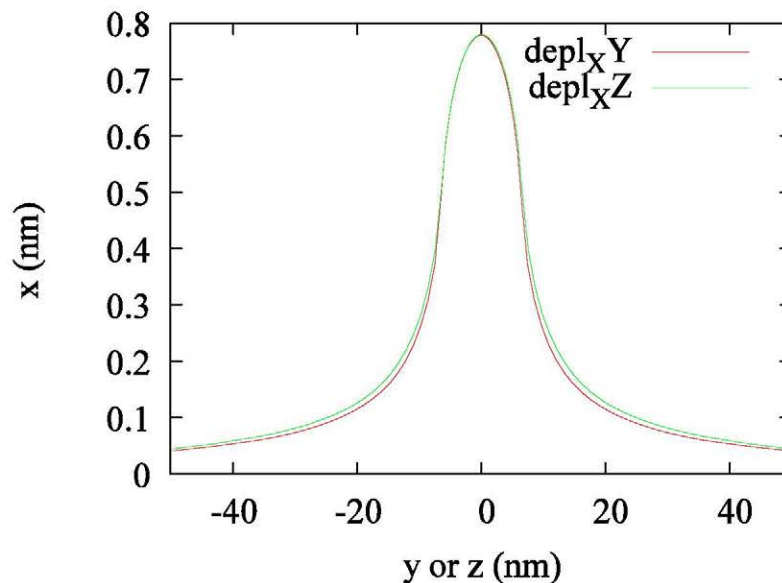
Simulations of X-cut in LiNbO₃

Irradiation X-cut



Hillcock has an elliptic shape due to orthotropic properties

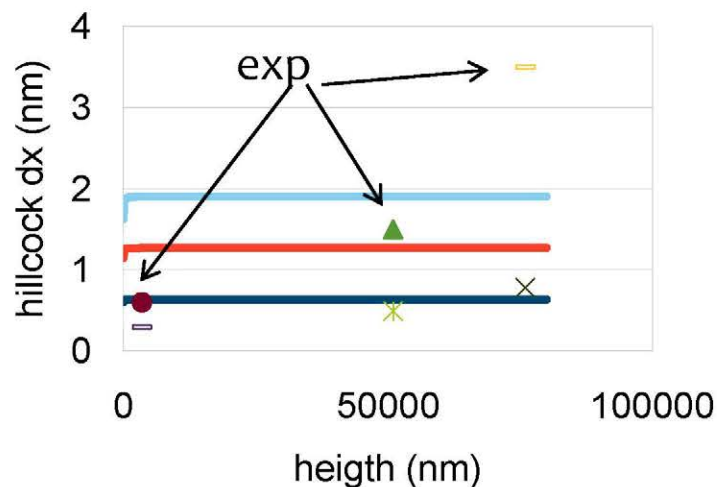
Simulations agree with analytical solution Colin et al. 2009





Experiments versus simulations

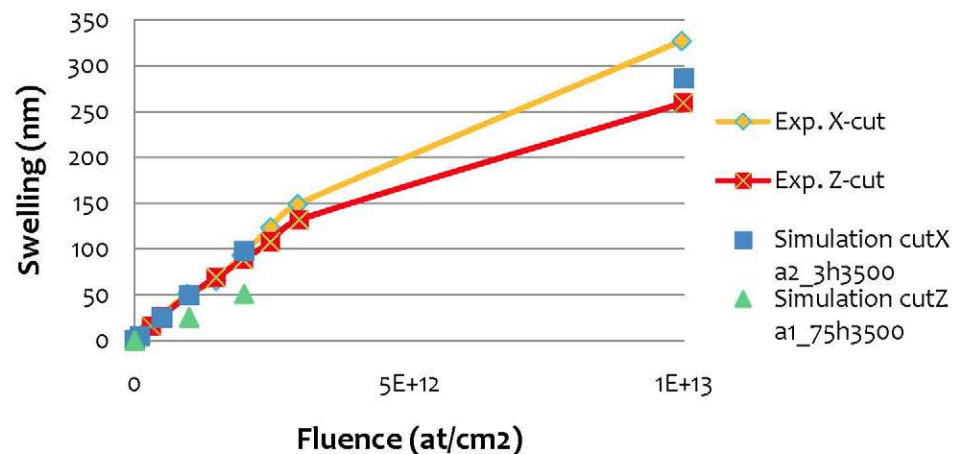
Irradiation X-cut



Experimental values of hillcocks are over the simulation ones.

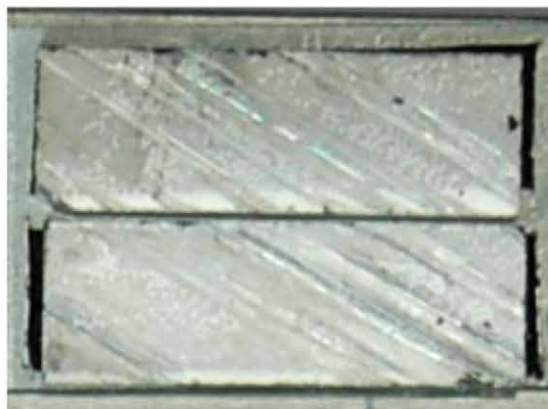
X-cut swelling simulations agree with experimental data at low fluences.

Swelling Br 45 MeV



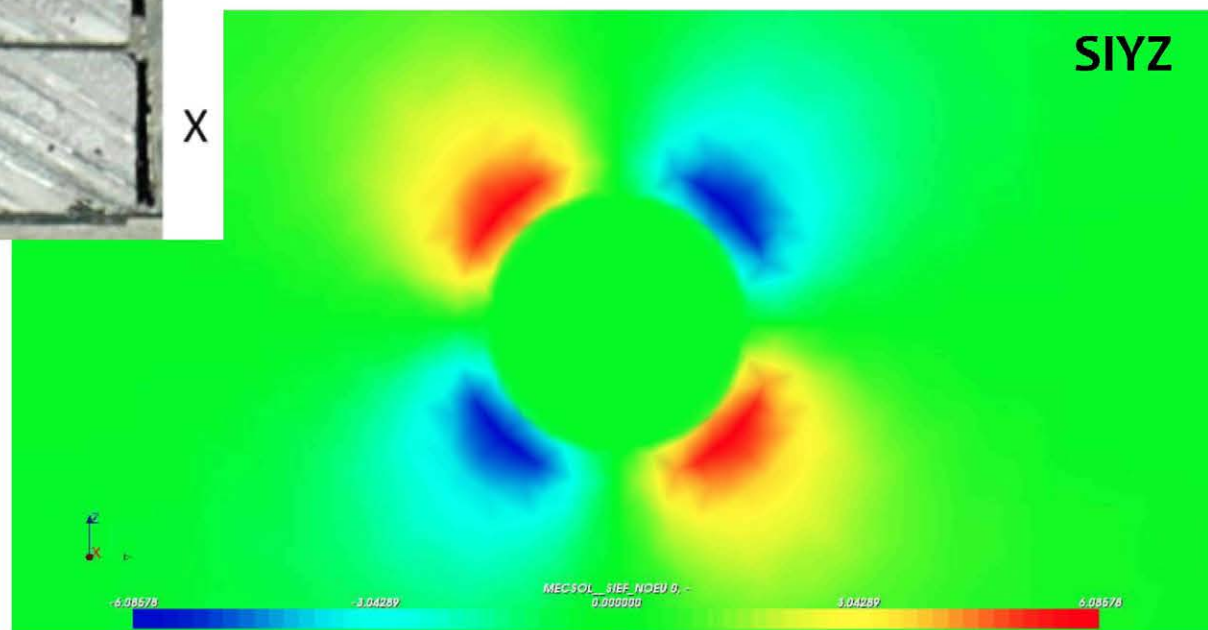


Cracks in X-cut



X Cracks for fluence $> 2 \cdot 10^{11}$

X



Preference direction $\pm 45^\circ$





Conclusions

- ✓ Finite elements can be used in nano-scale to fill the gap between theory and experiments.
- ✓ The elastic model must be complemented with plasticization to complete the ion-induce nano-tracks problem.





Thank you
Gracias

